the last to leave outlander newspapers are expect-months. All the Outlander newspapers are expect-ed to be suspended, and no news except such as to be suspensed to be distributed through the Government censorship is filtered through the Government censorship is filtered through the public. We shall be the position of those who are in the midst of conflict and know less about it than those

Speaking of the way in which the Boers had re-

MAKING READY FOR WAR.

SCENES IN JOHANNESBURG WHEN THE BOER ARMY WAS RAISED.

THE COMING OF RAIN MADE HOSTILITIES POSSIBLE—A YANKEE'S PRECAUTIONS.

The current "Independent" publishes an article on "The Preparation of the Boers" from the pen of an American living in Johannesburg. In it the strip of an American living in Johannesburg. In it the strip of a strip of the strip of the

CECIL RHODES AND J. B. ROBINSON. From The London Star.

When Cecil Rhodes was under examination by the House of Commons Committee of Inquiry into the Raid ae naively remarked that he had no idea of overthrowing President Kriiger in order to make

AN INTENSELY ENGLISH LITTLE PLACE

THE LADYSMITH OF TO-DAY

STRONGLY FORTIFIED, THE ALDERSHOT OF NA-

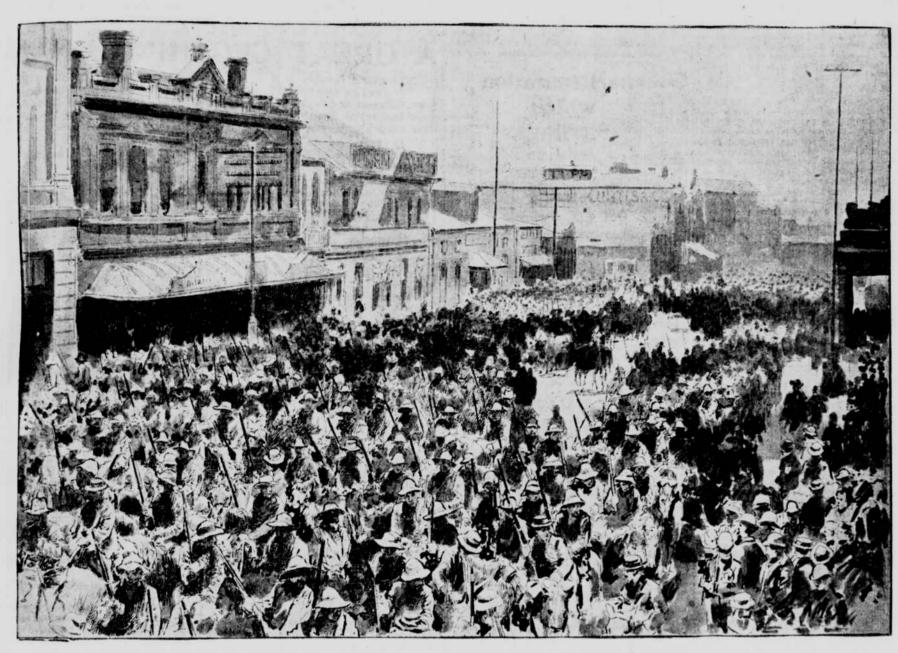
STRONGLY FORTIFIED. THE ALDERSHOT OF NATAL IS WELL PROTECTED FROM ASSAULT.

From The London Mail.

When I left Ladysmith, in July last, there was naught to presage the present state of affairs save a vague unrest in the air, a subtle drawing together of the townsfolk and the solders at the camp, and a tense feeling of expectation of something—we knew not what.

Ordinarily Ladysmith is a quiet, dull little place, intensely English, in so far that there is absolutely no Dutch element to disturb the solidity loyal serenity of the township—for it is little more.

We rather pride ourselves upon the situation of Ladysmith. It is over 3,000 feet above the sea; the frowning crests of the Drakensberg Mountains are about thirty miles away, to the north and west,



BOERS MARCHING THROUGH JOHANNESBURG TO THE FRONT.

sponded to their country's call, this American re-

According to the Transvaal law any citizen may When articles worth more than this are taken the owner gets a receipt. This receipt is supposed to ne time, but the supposition is ap parently not always borne out by the facts. It is related that at the time of the Jameson raid six horses belonging to a British subject were taken Later on, when he presented his receipt for paywere dead, and, of course, he couldn't expect the

DEPARTURES FOR JOHANNESBURG.

there was a continual exodus from Johannesburg, and when it was realized that war was certain the number of refugees ran from one thousand to

In the mean time pathetic scenes were witnessed at the station as the armed burghers entrained and away to the border. Old and gray headed men, who knew what war was, with solemn, though determined faces; young men with hot blood and doisterous, boastful tones; boys of fourteen and sixteen years, with guns over their shoulders and bandolters full of cartridges, and the women, wives with bables in their arms, sisters, daughters, sweethearts, bidding goodby with tearstained faces, but fourage unfailing, as they say, "Boys, do your duty," Well, well, there ought to be some better way out of this tangle than shooting such people as these.

Way out of this tange.

3 these.

Johannesburg looks as if it were already in a bohannesburg looks as if it were already in a tohannesburg. Most of the stores have barricaded their windows with either wood or galvanized iron. Some buildings already fly the national flag of their owners. One enterprising Yankee has barricaded his store and painted in large letters outside, "American property." Several German flags are flying.

And the process of th

way for President J. B. Robinson. The committee, knowing that J. B. Robinson was Cecil Rhodes's rival millionaire in South Africa, paid due tribute of laughter.

Mr. Robinson is proprietor of "The Pretoria Press," whose last number—for the present—came to hand by this week's South African mail. To avoid suppression on the outbreak of the war Mr. Robinson's organ suspended publication "until the arrival of better days," which will be interpreted by the Outlanders as meaning a resurtection when the British flag floats over the Transvasi capital.

A GERMAN OFFICER OF THE BOERS.

COLONEL SCHIEL HAS BEEN A CONSPICUOUS HATER OF THE ENGLISH FOR YEARS.

Colonel Schiel's name is probably more familiar to Englishmen than that of any other officer of the Beer army, with the possible exceptions of Joubert and Cronjé. There is a certain element of mystery about his career; but it appears that after serving in the German army he left it with the rank of sergeant and emigrated to South Africa. For some reason or other, he, like so many other Continentals, has an intense batted of England and English-



and help to shelter us in winter from excessive cold. The climate goes to rather unnecessary extremes; the height of summer (December and January) is very hot, and the depth of winter (June and July) correspondingly cold. At the same time the air is extraordinarily dry and bracking. The open air cure for consumption had been tried and proved successful at Ladysmith years before it began to be talked about at home.

small congregation, to lite considerable. We

ably on the public buildings, especially the contrhouse, schools, public library and the jail.

Of course, the town, as a town, is not much to
look at—a few dusty, ill kempt, but fairly wide
streets; a spacious market square, surrounded by
low galvanized from stores, many of them bearing
such curious Indian names as Moona-Sammy, Abdol
Mahomet, and the like, on the signboards, for the
important "Arab" merchants of Durban are all
represented by branch houses.

In front of the courthouse, the hotels and the police barracks are the usual horse tethering rails,
and one hitches up one's pony and leaves it alone
for hours, quite secure in the average integrily of
the passersby.

Honestly, our weak points are our roads, our

In front of the courthouse, the hotels and the police barracks are the usual horse tethering rails, and one hitches up one's pony and leaves it alone for hours, quite secure in the average integrity of the passersby.

Honestly, our weak points are our roads, our drainage and our lighting. These are elementary and not on the scale that they should be. Our oedles promise us better things in the near future. But a moonless night, a ruity road and a variety of small sluits (ditches) have before now made the stranger in our midst use strong language about our rural simplicity.

For quite a long while Ladysmith was the rail-way terminus from Durban, from which it is 190 miles away. During the gold rush to the Transvaal, coaches, Cape carts, wagons, spiders, even "gin cases on wheels," set out daily by the score for the northern Eldorado. At that time the bonded warehouses for goods in transit were piled up with thousands of pounds' worth of goods for the Transvaal. In those days the hotelkeepers did a flourishing business in housing intending travellers and provisioning them for the journey. But this has all been aliered now. We are only a roadside station on the great through line to Pretoria and boyond. But we have the branch line to Harrismith in the Orange Free State, so that we are, after all, a junction on a small scale.

There are a good many trees in Ladysmith—in fact, it is by way of being an oasis in the veldt. Mimosas, gum trees of a dozen kinds, yucas, aloes and planes all flourish, and some of the flower gardens are beautifully bright in summer.

By the way, the name of Ladysmith has the simplest of derivations. It was christened after Lady Harry Smith, about the year 1840. She was the Spanish wife of General Sir Harry Smith, who commanded the troops in South Africa at the time. Lady Harry Smith, about the year listo. She was the Spanish wife of General Sir Harry Smith, who commanded the troops in South Africa at the time, and trived our best to do them well. There were never less than two thousand much

THE BOER EMISSARY A CHARMING MAN OF THE WORLD.

"What a charming fellow!" That is the involun-tary opinion formed by any previously unprejudiced person on first meeting the redoubtable Dr. Leyds, ite is such a thorough man of the world, suave, gentle and courteous in manner, with a fund of information on all subjects, a pretty taste in art, and all the refinement of high culture.

room tenor-all these qualifications combined in making the man interesting as a study, and almost unique as a type.

The broad facts of his peculiar case are simple enough. He is a Batavian, born of Dutch parents in the Netherlands East Indies. As a boy he was brought home to Holland and put to school. He displayed quite remarkable aptitude and ploughed his way quickly and valiantly through all the junior classes. Before he was sixteen years old he had passed with honors his final examination in the Government College of Preceptors. He then took his degree as Doctor of Philosophy—hence his title—and also qualified as a teacher of drawing and gymnastics.

In the year ISM, the Transvaal being in want of educated officials who could conduct the business of the republic in a manner more or less in accordance with its claim to be a civilized nation, he was appointed State Attorney (Attorney General) of the South African Republic.

With his blushing honors thick upon him, he set sail for what was to him a veritable Eldorado. He was a poor man, a very poor man, but he did not remain so long. The Fates were propitious. Scon after his arrival in Pretoria and his being sworn into office, he accurately gauged the material which he was employed to mould into shape; very unpromising at first, but with illimitable possibilities of which he was not slow to take advantage.

He soon began to assert himself. Dr. Leyds, of

B. Alfman & Co.

ORIENTAL DEPARTMENT.

Rich Eastern Embroideries, Standard and Hanging Lamps, Moucharabic Screens, Persian Brasses and various Odd Pieces of Oriental Furniture. The arrangement of the Department suggests many styles for the Decoration of Rooms, Studios, Smoking Rooms, etc.

A special feature for Monday will be the sale of 500 LOUNGING CUSHIONS, formerly \$4.50, at . 250 ORIENTAL LAMPS, formerly \$2.50, at . .

SILK DEPARTMENT.

Persian Designs and Colors in Printed Velour Panne, (Now employed in Late Paris Models.)

Also recent shipments of Satin Faced Crepe in Evening shades.

including the new Pastels in 24 and 45 inch widths, MONDAY, NOVEMBER 20th.

Several Thousand Yards FANCY SILKS, suitable for 1.00 Evening and Street wear, value \$1.50 per yard, at. . Imported BLACK SATIN DUCHESS, 251/2 inches 1.65 wide, heretofore \$2.50 per yard, at

FURS AND FUR GARMENTS.

RICH RUSSIAN and HUDSON BAY SABLES, BLACK AND SILVER FOXES. REAL CHINCHILLAS, FINE BROADTAILS, EASTERN MINKS, Etc.

FUR LINED CAPES. SEALSKIN AND PERSIAN LAMB COATS. Also Fur Trimmings and Fur Skins.

LADIES' COAT AND WRAP DEP'T.

COATS, PALETOTS, LONG GARMENTS AND CAPES.

Attention is especially directed to the following TAILOR COATS:

Black Cheviot, Satin lined, \$9.75 Black Kersey, silk fined, \$1150 Value \$12.75.

Black Cheviot, Unfinished Worsted or Oxford, silk lined, \$15.00 Value \$21.00

BOYS' CLOTHING.

Double-breasted and Three Piece Suits; Sailor and Middy Suits: Russian Blouse Suits: Top Coats and Reefers; Cape Coats and Russian Coats. Also a complete assortment of Hats and Capa

MONDAY, NOVEMBER 20th.

DOUBLE-BREASTED SUITS of Mixed Chevlots \$4.00 sizes Eight to Fifteen years; value \$6.50, at . SAILOR SUITS of Blue Serge; sizes Four to Nine \$4.50 years: value \$6.50 and \$7.50, at REEFERS of Blue Frieze, plaid linings, Ulster Collar, \$4.50 value \$6.50, at

Eighteenth Street, Mineteenth Street and Sixth Hvenne.



Ehrich Bros.

6th Ave. and 23d St.

MAN TAILORED STREET COSTUMES in light gray, Oxford and blue, made with jaunty double-breasted, tight-fitting jacket, taffeta lined peau de sole facing, velvet collar, skirt made with very latest back; sold in other stores for 22.50. Our 16.50 special price is.

TAILOR-MADE JACKETS, of black kersey, lined throughout with fine stik; this number comes in black only; all sizes from 32 up, for Monday. Monday
TAILOR-MADE JACKETS, imported
Kersey Cloth, Tan, Castor, Brown, Blue
and Black; special prices for Monday.

7.50, 10.00, 12.50

TAILOR-MADE SEPARATE SKIRTS for women, special lots for Monday, in Black and Oxfords,

2.98, 3.98, 4.98

GOLF CAPES in every conceivable plaid; also plain. One special for Monday is made with plain body and a ruffle all around; also plaid Hood. This is a very special 4.98

Suits, Capes, Jackets, Furs. Good Furs.

ELECTRIC SEAL COLLARETTES, WILL storm collar, 3.98 and 4.98

We have excellent values in COLLAR-ETTES of all kinds, some with tabs and tails, other plain, prices, 6.75 to 25.00

ELECTRIC SEAL SCARFS, with 99c ELECTRIC SEAL SCARFS, 2.75 IMITATION SABLE SCARFS, a perfect imitation, 6 and 8 tails

FUR COATS of every style in Seal, Persian Lamb, Near Seal, Electric Seal, some with combinations, others plain. CHILDREN'S SETS, Baby Carriage Robes, Animal Rugs; also a full line of Fur Trimmings and Tails.

Another Lot of Oriental Rugs.

We shall offer for this week a fresh lot of the most magnificent Turkish and Persian Rags we have ever exhibited. It contains many rare examples of Oriental textile art, in the most subdued, mellow and soft pile textures. These goods are shown just as they arrived, in their original bale forms.

just as they arrived, in their original one ball of the street of 200 Shryans, value \$11-\$15.00. \$35-\$45 Antique, silky Bokhara Gema, Lot of 200 Shryans, value \$11-\$15.00. \$35-\$45 Antique, silky Bokhara Gema, averaging 5.2x4.2, at this sale, 5.98, 7.48.

Lot of 150 Antique Circassians, value \$18-\$20, average size 7x3.2, at this sale, 13.25, 14.25. Lot of 120 Antique Caucasians, value \$30-\$35, average size 7.8x4.4, 18.98, 22.75.

Hundreds of Real Bagdads, from 2.75 to 5.48.

18.98, 20.98, 25.75.

3 bales containing 210 Antique Kilim Rugs, beautiful examples; worth double.

Also a variety of Hall Runners, India Carpets, Senneh and Pursiik Rugs, at surprisingly low prices.